

## Task

### Code Generation

Background:

- **Grammar** of target language known (used by tree generation approaches)
- Code **semantics** can be represented as graph
- **Attribute grammars** describe flow of information in code parsing as graph

## Key Ideas

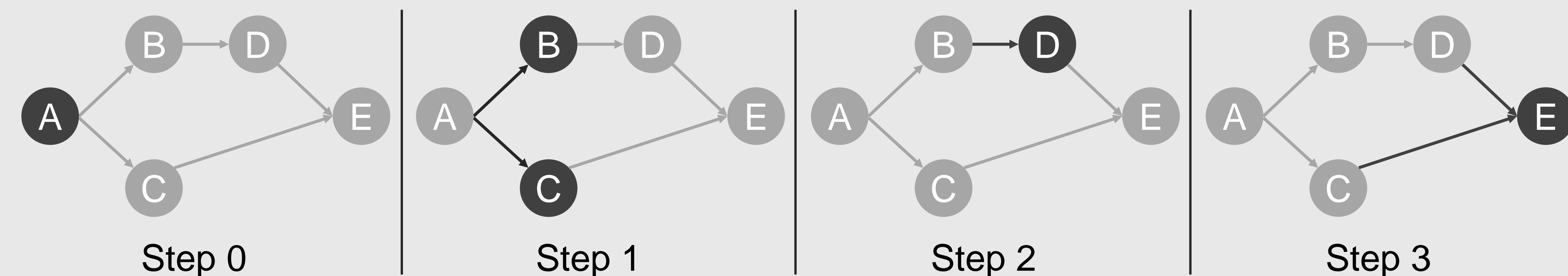
1. **Partially generated code** has semantics
2. **Neural Attribute Grammars** can learn semantics of partially processed code
3. **Asynchronous Graph Neural Networks** can propagate information in code generation order

## Asynchronous Graph Neural Networks (Liao et al, 2018)

**Observation:** Most GNNs are synchronous, update all node states at each time step

**Problem:** Computationally expensive for large & almost-sequential graphs

**Idea:** Define schedule of information propagation steps:



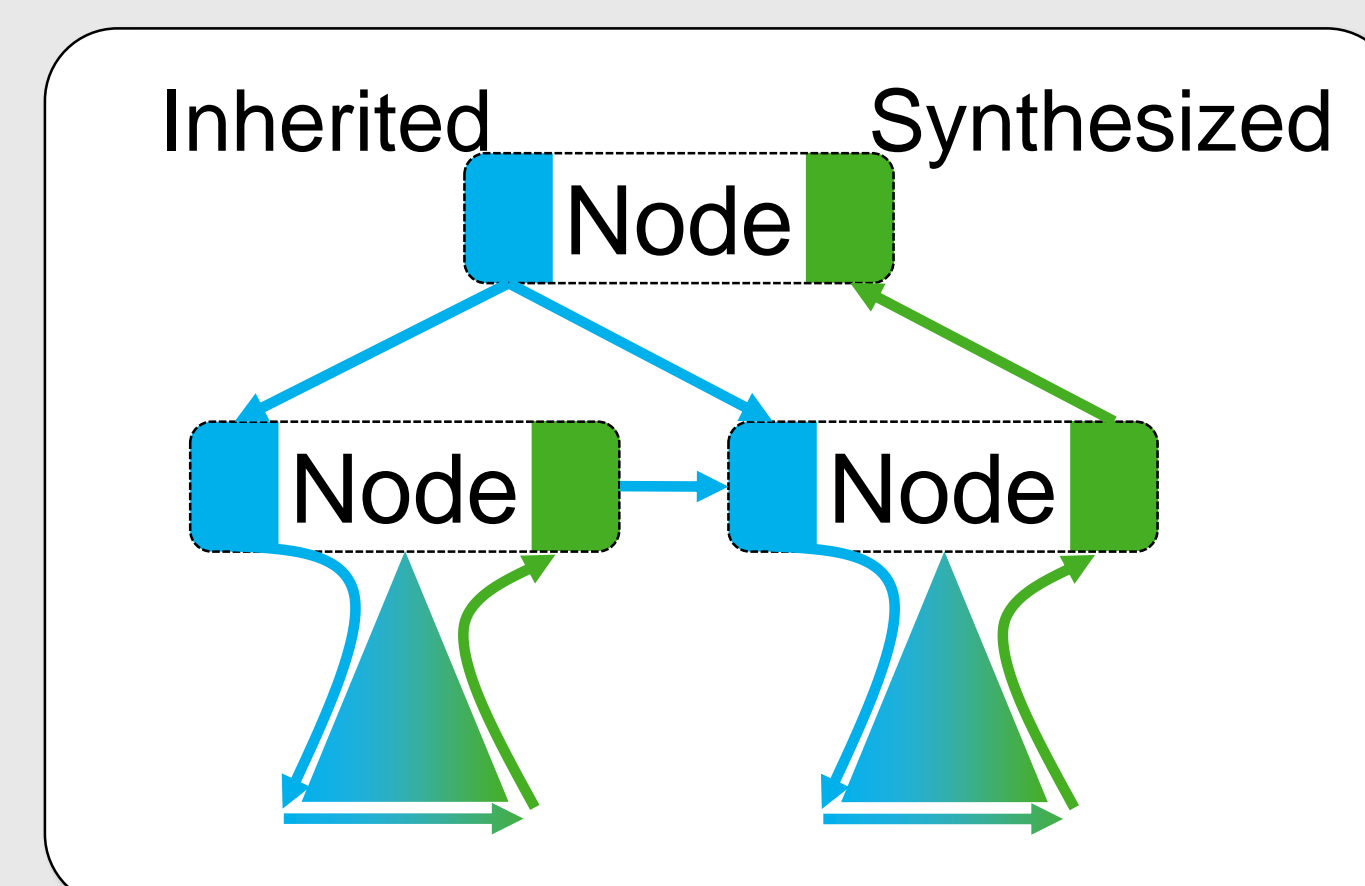
Graph Partition Neural Networks for Semi-Supervised Classification. R. Liao, M. Brockschmidt, D. Tarlow, A. Gaunt, R. Urtasun, R. Zemel (ICLR Workshop '18)

## Attribute Grammars

Concept from the (program) parsing literature

Core ideas:

- Nodes in abstract syntax trees (ASTs) have attributes
- **Inherited attributes:** Information from parents and preceding subtrees
- **Synthesized attributes:** Information about subtree



## Released Code

<https://github.com/Microsoft/graph-based-code-modelling>

Included:

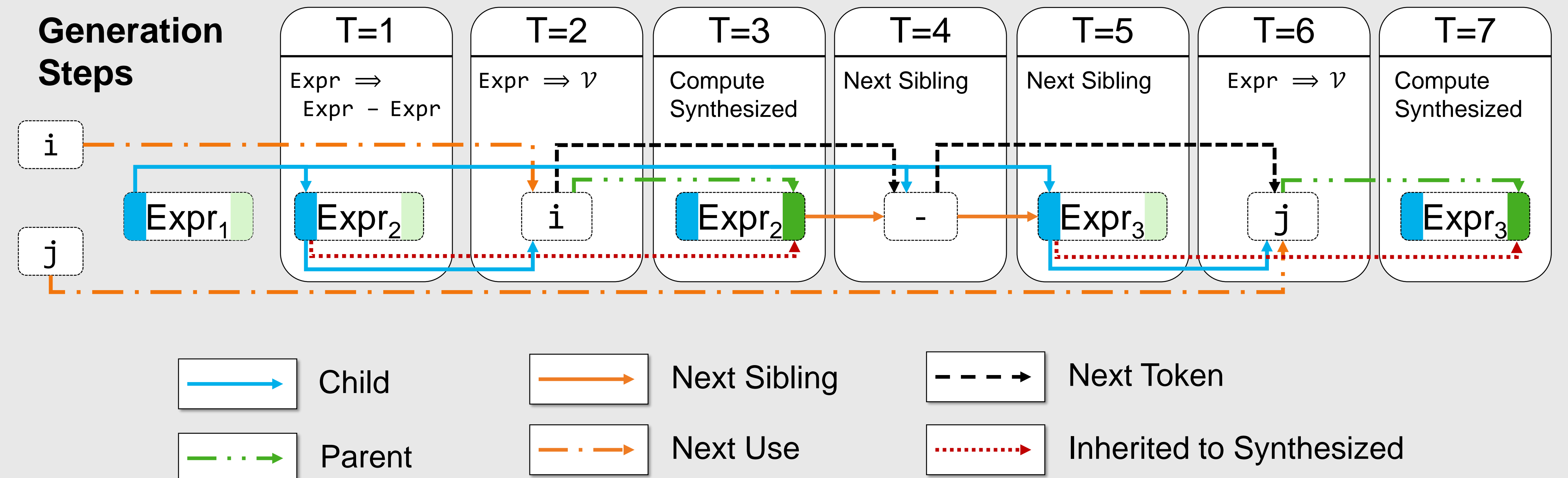
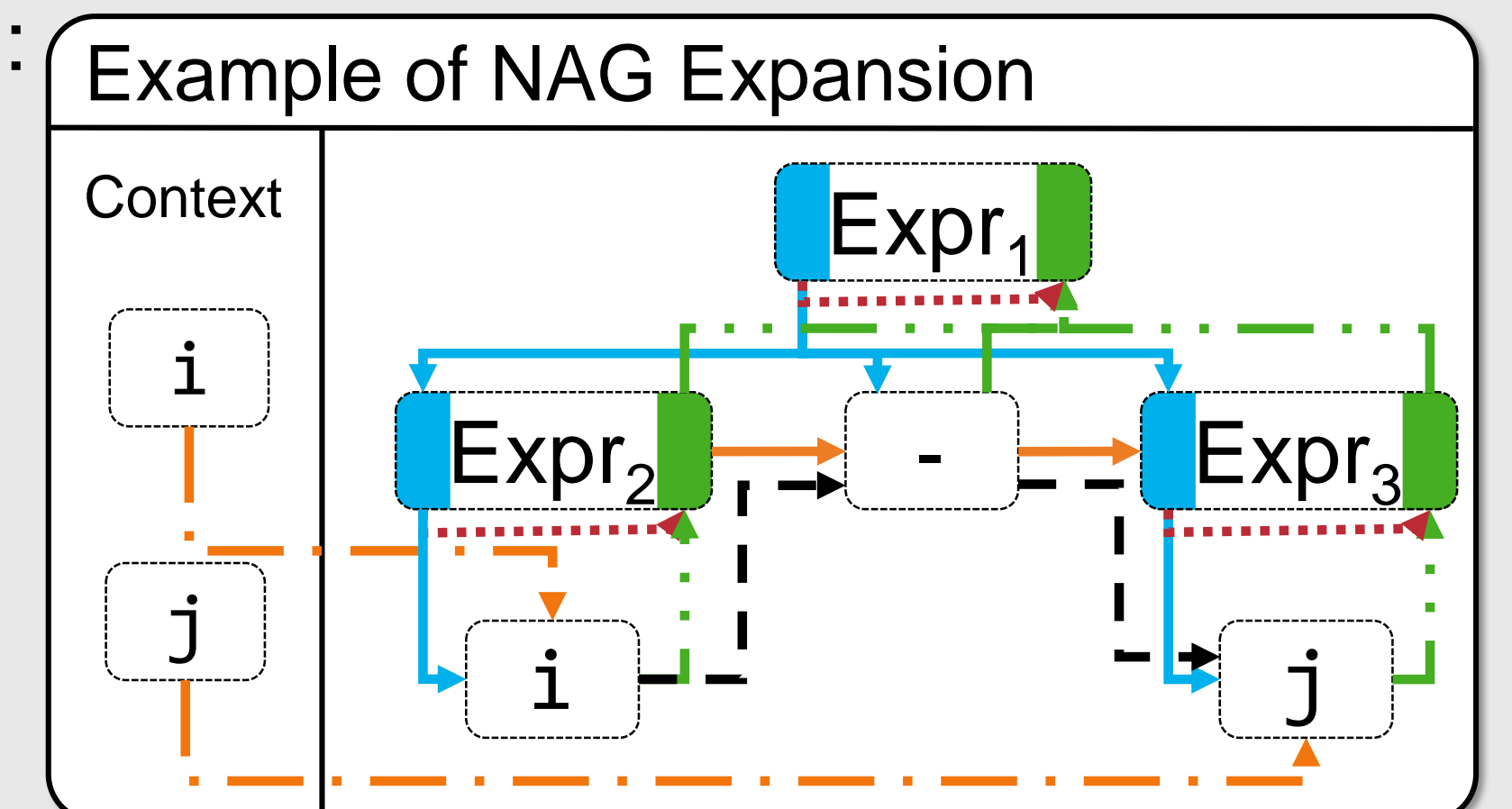
- Extracting program graphs & ASTs from C#
- Learning from programs with graphs (Allamanis et al, 2018)
- Code modeling with graphs in TensorFlow



## Code Generation with Neural Attribute Grammars

Neural Attribute Grammars use AGs to structure generation:

- Generate top-down, left-right
- Each node expanded using grammar rule
- Edges represent flow of information (neural attributes)
- Child, parent edges + semantic edges
- Message propagation only for currently generated node
- Connect to context information



## Task & Evaluation

**Code Generation in Context:** Given a hole in program fill it back in using just the context.

```
int methParamCount = 0;
if (paramCount > 0) {
    ...
}
if ( ) {
    IParameterTypeInfo[] moduleParamArr =
        GetParamTypeInformations(Dummy.Signature,
            paramCount - methParamCount);
}
```

### Qualitative Examples

```
public static String URIToPath(String uri) {
    if (System.Text.RegularExpressions
        .Regex.IsMatch(uri, "^file:\\\\[a-z,A-Z]:") {
        return uri.Substring(6);
    }
    if ( ) { // Ground Truth: uri.StartsWith(@"file")
        return uri.Substring(5);
    }
    return uri;
}
```

G → NAG  
 uri.Contains(UNK\_STR)  
 uri.StartsWith(UNK\_STR)  
 uri.HasValue()

G → Syn  
 uri == UNK\_STR  
 uri == ""  
 uri.StartsWith(UNK\_STR)

```
startPos = index + 1;
int count = endPos - startPos + 1;
word = (count > 0) ? : String.Empty;
// Ground Truth: input.Substring(startPos, count)
```

G → NAG  
 input + startPos  
 input + count  
 input.Substring(startPos, endPos - count)

G → ASN  
 input.Trim()  
 input.ToLower()  
 input + UNK\_STR

### Within Projects

Model	PPL	Type-Correct (%)	Exact Match @1 (%)
Seq→Seq	87.4	32.4	21.8
Seq→NAG	6.8	53.2	17.7
G→Seq	93.3	40.9	27.1
G→ASN	2.6	78.7	45.7
G→Syn	2.7	84.9	50.5
G→NAG	2.6	86.4	52.3

### New Projects

Model	PPL	Type-Correct (%)	Exact Match @1 (%)
Seq→Seq	130.4	23.4	10.8
Seq→NAG	8.4	40.4	8.4
G→Seq	28.4	36.3	17.2
G→ASN	3.0	74.7	32.4
G→Syn	2.7	84.5	36.1
G→NAG	3.1	84.5	38.8